Official Tournament Rules



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Rules are also available online at: www.scrabbleplayers.org/w/Rules

Official	i
Tournament	
Rules	i
I. Conduct	
I.A. Cheating and Collusion	
I.B. Resigning	
I.C. Abusive or Disruptive Behavior	
I.D. Distracting Speech or Behavior	
I.E. Inappropriate Conduct While Viewing Games	
I.F. Suspicious Behavior.	
I.G. Simultaneous Games	
II. General Principles.	
II.A. Clock Neutralization	
II.B. Adjudicating Unusual Situations	
II.C. Observing Infractions	
III. Beginning the Game	
III.A. Equipment	
III.A.1. References	
III.A.2. Tiles.	
III.A.3. Clocks	
III.A.4. Racks / Boards	
III.A.5. Tile Bags.	
III.A.6. Papers	
III.A.7. Other Objects	
III.A.8. Choice of Equipment.	
III.B. Confirming the Number of Tiles	
III.C. Arriving Late	
III.D. Who Plays First?	
III.E. Starting Play	
III.F. Positioning Tiles.	
III.F.1. Missing the Center Square	
III.F.2. Establishing Orientation.	
_	10
III.F.4. Poorly Positioned Tiles	10
III.F.5. Disconnected Tiles or Words	
IV. Playing the Game	11
IV.A. Basic Rules	11
IV.B. Tile Drawing	11
IV.B.1. How to Draw Tiles	11
IV.B.2. Improperly Returning Tiles to the Bag	12
IV.B.3. Loose Tiles	
IV.B.4. Overdraws	
IV.B.4.a. Overdraw Procedure	12
IV.B.4.b. Racks with More Than Seven Tiles	13
IV.B.5. Drawing Out of Order	13
IV.B.6. End of Game Underdrawing	

IV.C. Managing Tiles	14
IV.C.1. Keeping Tiles on the Rack	14
IV.C.2. Counting Tiles	14
IV.C.3. Tiles from an Adjacent Game	
IV.D. Board Etiquette	
IV.E. Passing and Exchanging	15
IV.E.1. Passing	
IV.E.2. Exchanging	
IV.E.2.a. Tile Exchange Procedure	15
IV.E.2.b. Improper Tile Exchanges	15
IV.F. Playing the Blank	
IV.F.1. How to Designate the Blank	16
IV.F.2. Disputes	17
IV.G. Completing a Turn	17
IV.G.1. How to Complete a Turn	17
IV.G.2. End of Turn Irregularities	17
IV.G.2.a. Failing to Start Opponent's Clock	17
IV.G.2.b. Failing to Record Cumulative Score	
IV.G.2.c. Tracking Out of Order	18
IV.G.2.d. Not Allowing Sufficient Time for Holds or Challenges	18
IV.H. Scoring Issues	18
IV.H.1. Verifying the Play Score	18
IV.H.2. Verifying Cumulative Scores	18
IV.H.3. Willfully Fostering Incorrect Scores	19
IV.I. Holding and Challenging	19
IV.I.1. When to Hold or Challenge	19
IV.I.2. Holding the Play	19
IV.I.3. Challenging the Play	19
IV.J. Adjudicating Challenges by Computer	20
IV.J.1. Software Self-Lookup Procedure	20
IV.J.2. Improper Self-Lookups	20
IV.K. Adjudicating Challenges Manually	21
IV.K.1. Who May Utilize Manual Lookups	21
IV.K.2. The Manual Lookup Procedure	21
IV.K.3. Appropriate Word Judge Behavior	21
IV.K.4. Requesting a Second Opinion	22
IV.K.5. Compensating Erroneous Adjudications	22
IV.L. Leaving the Playing Area During a Game	22
V. Ending the Game	22
V.A. Finding Missing Tiles Near the End of the Game	22
V.B. Forced Overtime	23
V.C. Final Play	23
V.D. Neutralizing the Clock on the Out Play	23
V.E. Director-Shortened Games	24
V.F. Adjusting the Score	24
V.F.1. Unplayed Tiles.	24

V.F.2. Overtime	24
V.G. Winning the Game	
V.H. Recounting the Game	
V.I. Recording the Game	25
V.J. Forfeits and Byes	25
VI. Rules for Play When Using the International Word Source	26
VI.A. Word Reference	26
VI.B. Challenges	26
Appendix: Basic Rules of Play and Scoring	26
Appendix I. Making Plays	26
Appendix I.A. The First Play of the Game	26
Appendix I.B. Subsequent Plays	26
Appendix I.C. How New Words are Formed on the Board	27
Appendix II. Scoring	27
Appendix II.A. Letter Values	
Appendix II.B. Scoring Each Play	27
Appendix II.C. Double and Triple Letter Bonus Squares	27
Appendix II.D. Double and Triple Word Bonus Squares	28
Appendix II.E. Score DLSs and TLSs before DWSs and TWSs	28
Appendix II.F. Double-Double (DWS-DWS)	28
Appendix II.G. Triple-Triple (TWS-TWS)	28
Appendix II.H. Bonus Squares Score on One Turn Only	28
Appendix II.I. Using the Blank on a DWS or TWS	28
Acknowledgments	28
Index	30

OFFICIAL TOURNAMENT RULES

These rules are effective as of June 16, 2011.

I. Conduct

All players are encouraged to play with a spirit of fun, guided by a sense of fairness.

Conduct at North American Scrabble[®] Players Association (NASPA) tournaments is subject to the terms of the *Code of Conduct* at the NASPA website.

The following practices WILL NOT BE TOLERATED:

I.A. Cheating and Collusion

All players are honor bound not to cheat.

Purposefully attempting to lose a game, or to score fewer points in a game in order to benefit another person, is collusion.

Directors will immediately, but discreetly, investigate suspected cheating or collusion. Players caught cheating or colluding will be immediately ejected and disqualified from the event, and subject to further penalties as detailed in the *Code of Conduct*.

I.B. Resigning

Except as specified below, resigning a game or quitting a tournament in progress are considered unsportsmanlike and subject to penalty unless approved by the Director for a medical or personal emergency. (See Rule V.J. Forfeits and Byes.) "Tanking" a game by repeated passing or otherwise deliberately playing in an exaggeratedly poor manner is also subject to penalty.

Exception: The Director may allow a resignation option in any tournament where spreads and scores are totally irrelevant and where the Director has clearly stated the resignation policy in all tournament announcements and flyers. Under those circumstances, a player who is obviously losing a game may, on his or her own time, request to resign. The

opponent then has the choice of honoring the resignation at the current score (minus any time penalties) or requiring that the game continue.

I.C. Abusive or Disruptive Behavior

Players who threaten, verbally abuse, or exhibit any seriously disruptive behavior will be penalized as detailed in the *Code of Conduct*. Players who are physically abusive will be immediately ejected and disqualified. In addition, NASPA membership may be revoked.

I.D. Distracting Speech or Behavior

Inappropriate speaking, moaning, or other distractive or misleading behavior during a game is unethical. Each player has the right to ask the opponent to remain silent (except when quietly counting, verifying the score or otherwise speaking as indicated in the rules) and may ask the Director to intervene on their behalf.

I.E. Inappropriate Conduct While Viewing Games

Never assume it is your right to watch games in progress (kibitzing). Respect the wishes of any player who may seem disturbed by your presence or who asks you to leave the playing area unless you have been specifically authorized by the Director to annotate the game. If you are permitted to observe a game, guard that your demeanor does not give either player valuable information about the other player's rack. *Never* look up words while watching a game. Do so only after discreetly moving out of view of either player.

I.F. Suspicious Behavior

It is every player's responsibility to guard against actions which might incur suspicion or misinterpretation, and to immediately inform opponents of any such action on their part.

I.G. Simultaneous Games

Playing more than one game at the same time is prohibited.

II. General Principles

II.A. Clock Neutralization

The clock should be neutralized for scoring discrepancies, inappropriate procedures/behavior, or anytime a Director is called. While the clock is stopped, players may not track tiles, designate the blank, study either the board or their racks, or adjust the positioning of any tiles on the board (except as outlined in Rule III.F.4.). Such improper

adjustments may negatively affect the decision of any director asked to adjudicate proper positioning of the tiles. DO NOT HESITATE to call the Director if a rule, procedure, or question needs clarification.

II.B. Adjudicating Unusual Situations

Directors should keep in mind that no player should benefit from an irregularity s/he created, and no player should be harmed or potentially harmed by an irregularity s/he did not create. All players should be considered innocent of willful wrongdoing unless sufficient evidence exists to the contrary.

II.C. Observing Infractions

Notify the relevant players or tournament staff of any rules violations or improprieties you observe in your game or in other games. For example:

- 1. Suggest that a player request a second opinion if you think a ruling or word adjudication is incorrect.
- 2. Prompt the Word Judge to check the *Long List* for words of ten or more letters.
- 3. If you notice a rack with more than seven tiles, or a board containing disconnected tiles, inform the players and/or the Director. (See Rule IV.B.4.b.)
- 4. Inform players of stray tiles in their area. See Rule IV.B.3. (Loose Tiles) and Rule V.A. (Finding Missing Tiles).
- 5. If you notice a game whose clock should be running, but is not, inform the players that no clock is running in their game.

Except as noted above, DO NOT inform players of other games when you notice mistakes regarding scoring or time clocks (unless the game is over and the tally slip has been signed or initialed by both players). These are the sole responsibility of the players.

III. Beginning the Game

III.A. Equipment

III.A.1. References

The *Official Tournament & Club Word List*, 2nd Edition *(OWL2)*, published by Merriam-Webster, Inc, contains ALL acceptable 2- to 9- letter words and their inflections.

The *Long List* contains ALL acceptable words of ten or more letters which are not listed in the *OWL2*.

Approved Software Self-Lookup programs for adjudicating challenges are posted on the NASPA website.

III.A.2. Tiles

Tiles that can be distinguished by feel are not permitted, except as required by the director for players who are blind.

Tiles that give no visual clues are preferred over those that do.

Legible tiles are preferred over significantly faded or worn tiles.

Among tiles of similar legibility, one-piece tiles are preferred over three-piece tiles (with a paper letter insert).

Tile sets must contain 100 tiles in the traditional distribution which has been utilized since the game's inception. See also Rule III.B. (Confirming the Number of Tiles).

Adjacent games should not use identical tiles. If one game has already begun, the other game should change tiles. If neither has begun, then one player from each board draws a tile, and the player with the letter closest to Z changes tile sets. If three adjacent boards have identical tiles, and none of the games have begun, the middle board should change tiles.

III.A.3. Clocks

Clocks are required for all NASPA tournament games. Each player is allowed 25 minutes to complete all plays, after which an overtime penalty applies (see Rule V.F.2.). There is no limit on the time allowed per turn.

Clocks are preferred in this order:

- a. Digital clocks that count down and show exact minutes and seconds of time remaining and of overtime
- b. Analog clocks that count down and show exact minutes and seconds of time remaining and of overtime
- c. Digital clocks that count down and do not show exact minutes and seconds of overtime
- d. Digital clocks that begin at zero and count up, or analog clocks that do not show exact minutes and seconds

Do not use a clock which cannot readily indicate minutes of overtime.

A quieter clock is preferred to one which the Director deems excessively loud.

III.A.4. Racks / Boards

The top of each tile on your rack must be visible to your opponent at all times. You may use any rack that meets this requirement.

Boards which are glary, do not turn easily, knock tiles off of racks, have distracting background designs, or have premium square colors other than the traditional red, pink, and blue, are less preferred. Any board which blocks the opponent's view of the top of your rack is unacceptable. Any board without the standard 15x15 grid or without the traditional layout of premium squares (as specified by the original inventor and as utilized for decades thereafter) is unacceptable.

III.A.5. Tile Bags

Tile bags which are too big (tending to hide tiles when nearly empty) or too small (causing players to drop tiles or inadvertently see letters in the bag) are less preferred.

III.A.6. Papers

The only visible papers allowed in your playing area are blank paper, your contestant scorecard, blank or current game score sheets, challenge slips, blank-designation slips, tally slips, and letter-distribution lists. You may construct and use your own letter lists to track tiles, but such lists may not be designed to also act as memory aids. All other papers in the playing area (e.g. old score sheets) must be kept out of sight and cannot be referred to at any time.

III.A.7. Other Objects

Headphones, calculators, and other devices, electronic or otherwise, may not be utilized until game results have been entered and signed (or initialed) by both players. (See Rule V.I.) Exceptions may only be made for legitimate medical reasons, and must be approved by the Director. Earplugs, however, are acceptable.

III.A.8. Choice of Equipment

If tables and setups are not preassigned, then equipment which more conforms to the standards above shall take precedence. If equally conforming, the player going second gets choice of equipment. If degree of conformity is disputed, the decision of the Director shall be final.

III.B. Confirming the Number of Tiles

Before each game, verify that 100 tiles are present. Either player may also confirm exact distribution. If you realize after the game has started that 100 tiles are not present, or that the distribution is inappropriate, the game proceeds with the incorrect set. After each game, leave all tiles on the board to facilitate verifying the count for the next game. See also Rule IV.B.3. (Loose Tiles), Rule IV.C.3 (Tiles From an Adjacent Game), and Rule V.A. (Finding Missing Tiles Near the End of the Game).

III.C. Arriving Late

If a player is late for a round with an announced starting time, the Director may start his/her clock no earlier than 5 minutes after the start of the round. After 25 minutes (or when a digital clock reads -0:01), the game is over and is forfeited. If the missing player arrives before then, the Director or the opponent may stop the clock. Otherwise, the arriving player stops it. If the late player does not opt to forfeit, s/he is allowed to become situated, count/bag the tiles, and draw for first (if necessary) before the game is begun with whatever time remains.

If both players are late, the Director should start either clock after 5 minutes. When the first player arrives, s/he (or the Director) should stop the clock. The Director should then note the elapsed time (which will be recorded to use against that player) and restart the clock. If/when the second player arrives, the clock is stopped in the usual manner. If both players choose to proceed, the clock with the total elapsed time will become the later player's clock. The first player's clock can be left at 25 minutes with the previously recorded time subtracted at the end of the game. If, after the second player arrives, either player wishes not to continue, the other player shall be declared the forfeit winner. If neither player arrives within 25 minutes, or if both players wish not to continue, the game is double-forfeited. See also Rule V.J. (Forfeits and Byes).

For rounds without an announced starting time, players should generally be allowed 10 minute breaks between games. However, the Director, with proper notification, may limit any break to 5 minutes to maintain an overall schedule.

III.D. Who Plays First?

If the order of play is not predetermined, utilize the first method below that applies:

- 1. The player with fewer firsts
- 2. The player with more seconds
- 3. The player who draws the tile closest to "A" blank counted before "A" repeating as needed

Note: A player who forfeits a game before it has begun will be considered to have gone first for that game, second for the next forfeited game, first for the third, etc. The opponents of such games, and all players who receive byes, are assigned neither firsts nor seconds for those unplayed games.

III.E. Starting Play

Both players may shuffle the tiles before the game begins. If the second player has not already shuffled, the first player is encouraged to offer the bag for that purpose. If the second player is not afforded this opportunity, s/he may request to shuffle at any time

during the first player's draw. Tiles already drawn will not be returned to the bag unless the second player was not present when they were drawn.

The first player's clock should be started as soon as s/he has seen the face of any tile.

III.F. Positioning Tiles

III.F.1. Missing the Center Square

The first word should cover the center square. Otherwise, it may be challenged off the board regardless of acceptability. If not challenged, the play is scored accordingly, and the center square remains available as a double word bonus square.

III.F.2. Establishing Orientation

The FIRST PLAY, which will establish the game's orientation, must create an accepted word from left to right or top to bottom. It should also conform with the orientation of the bonus square lettering. If not conforming, it may be placed in the equivalent conforming position at any time before the completion of the next successful play. After that, the orientation of the bonus square lettering is irrelevant. If all tiles are not oriented identically, the orientation of the majority of the tiles will be considered the orientation of the play. If the letter values of exactly half the tiles face one direction, and half the opposite direction, the natural orientation of the board - as determined by any printing or illustrations on its surface - shall establish the game's orientation.

III.F.3. Misoriented Tiles

Any play which does not follow the game's orientation may be challenged off. If all played tiles are not oriented identically, the orientation of the majority of the tiles in the main word formed will be considered the orientation of the play. If exactly half of the tiles are oriented correctly, the orientation of the play will be considered correct. *Note*: The "main word" is defined as whichever newly formed word contains the greatest number of newly placed tiles.

III.F.4. Poorly Positioned Tiles

A tile not fully placed in one square will be considered to be on whichever square it most covers. If more of the tile is off the board than in any single square, then that tile is considered off the board (i.e., not played). If your opponent plays any tiles which are upside down, sideways, or not fully placed in their squares, but the play itself is not misoriented, you (but not your opponent) may neutralize the clock, position the tile(s) properly and with reasonable quickness in the same squares, and restart the clock. (See also Rule II.A.) If a tile is played face down, the opponent's clock may be restarted until s/he places the tile face up in the same square.

III.F.5. Disconnected Tiles or Words

Except for the first play, if a tile or string of tiles does not join with at least one tile already on the board or if (on any play) more than one string of tiles is played in a single turn, the play is deemed illegal. Both players are REQUIRED to announce such illegal plays as soon as they become aware of them. In such cases:

- a. If the opponent has not yet played AND started the offender's clock, the illegal play will be removed, the offender will lose his/her turn, and any tiles drawn by the offender will be handled via the overdraw procedure. (See Rule IV.B.4.a.)
- b. If the opponent has played and started the offender's clock at least one time, the score for the illegal play will be nullified, and any illegally played tiles which still do not join with tiles played before the illegal play will be returned to the bag.
- c. Any subsequent play which connects to tiles disconnected from the main body of tiles established on the initial play of the game will also be deemed illegal and will be treated as described in III.F.5.a. and b. That is, if noted before another play is completed, the play and all disconnected tiles will be removed, the score for the play nullified, and the offender's turn lost. If noted after another play is completed, the score will be nullified and any remaining disconnected tiles removed.
- d. If disconnected tile(s) or a final play involving disconnected tiles is discovered within 20 seconds of the end of the game (and the tally slip has not been signed or initialed by both players), then the above procedures will apply and the game will continue. Otherwise, the game is over (but any illegal play would still be nullified).
- **e.** When determining whether or not six consecutive scores of zero have ended a game (Rule V.C.2.), illegal plays involving disconnected tiles will only be considered part of such a tally if no legal plays have been made after the illegal play(s) but before such plays are discovered.

IV. Playing the Game

IV.A. Basic Rules

Please see Appendix: Basic Rules of Play and Scoring.

IV.B. Tile Drawing

IV.B.1. How to Draw Tiles

Mix the tiles, if desired. (Note: Total mixing time for the entire draw must not exceed 10 seconds.) Hold the bag so the opening is above eye level and look away from the bag. Do not hold the bag directly between you and your opponent, as your eyes must be visible to your opponent while you are drawing. Never hold tiles in one hand while drawing tiles

with the other. Always open the drawing hand before drawing. Place tiles either onto your rack or, preferably, face down on the table and then onto your rack.

IV.B.2. Improperly Returning Tiles to the Bag

A tile is defined as drawn when your hand has completely left the bag. If you return tiles to the bag improperly, the following penalty applies, where X = the number of tiles returned: The clock is neutralized, and the opponent draws X tiles from the bag plus two from your rack, exposing them face up to common view. Within one minute, s/he returns any X tiles to the bag, and the remaining two tiles to you.

IV.B.3. Loose Tiles

If tiles accidentally spill out while drawing from or setting down the bag, or if loose tiles happen to be discovered on or near the table, they should simply be returned to the bag without penalty. If one player has seen the face of a loose tile, then it should also be shown to the other player before being bagged. Before returning loose tiles to the bag, check to see if they had been dislodged from the board. (If the bag is empty when a loose tile is discovered, see Rule V.A.)

IV.B.4. Overdraws

IV.B.4.a. Overdraw Procedure

If you draw too many tiles, or become aware at any time that you have more than 7 tiles, inform your opponent, neutralize the clock, and complete the procedure below. If the non-offender is in the process of drawing when the overdraw is discovered, s/he stops further drawing and completes the overdraw procedure. The offender then mixes the bag before the non-offender resumes drawing.

Overdraw Procedure, where X = the number of extra tiles:

If you should have drawn a single tile but drew two tiles, and have combined neither of them with your old tiles, your opponent selects only the new tiles. (Note that tiles are considered combined if they are placed anywhere on the same rack.)

If you have drawn more than two tiles, and none have been combined with your old tiles, your opponent selects (X+2) of the new tiles.

If you have combined at least one new tile with your old tiles, your opponent selects (X+2) tiles from the mixed group of all tiles. The offender may mix and place all tiles face down on the table before this selection is made.

In all cases, the opponent exposes the selected tiles face up to common view. Within one minute, s/he returns any X tiles to the bag, and the remaining tiles to you. *Note:* If the

non-offender exposes MORE tiles than specified above, all exposed tiles should again be placed face down in the drawing pool, and the non-offender will select X tiles to return to the bag unseen.

IV.B.4.b. Racks with More Than Seven Tiles

ANYONE who notices a rack with more than seven tiles should always make this known to the players and/or the Director. Players are required to announce their overdraws as soon as they become aware of them.

If a play is made from a rack with more than seven tiles, and:

- (1) If the opponent has not yet played and started the offender's clock, the illegal play shall be withdrawn, the overdraw procedure applied, and the offender will lose that turn.
- (2) If the opponent has already made a play and started the offender's clock, the offender simply loses the points scored from the illegal play.

Any intention to hide an overdraw is considered cheating and should be investigated by the Director, who may penalize the offender and/or file an Incident Report. Three such incidents in a tournament is punishable by forfeiture of the game in progress, expulsion from the tournament, and forfeiture of any prizes offered at the event.

IV.B.5. Drawing Out of Order

If you complete a play and draw tiles before your opponent has made his/her previous draw, there is no penalty or corrective procedure. Late in the game, the Director has the discretion to penalize either player 50 tournament spread points, particularly if the bag holds at least one but fewer than 7 tiles. If no tiles remain, Rule IV.B.6 applies.

IV.B.6. End of Game Underdrawing

Near the end of the game, if Player A draws too few tiles, and Player B subsequently draws ALL of the remaining tiles, then:

- a. If the mistake is noticed before Player B completes his/her NEXT play (not the play which empties the bag), the clock is neutralized and within one minute Player B gives the appropriate number of tiles to Player A.
- b. If the mistake is noticed after Player B completes his/her NEXT play (not the play which empties the bag), there is no penalty.

IV.C. Managing Tiles

IV.C.1. Keeping Tiles on the Rack

Never bring tiles below the plane of the table. Always keep your tiles in sight and on your rack unless moving them to/from the bag, board or table when appropriate. Although you are free to change your play before starting opponent's clock, do not use the board as a physical working area for deciding a play.

IV.C.2. Counting Tiles

Either player may count the remaining tiles in the bag. The player whose clock is running has first rights to the bag for tile counting. The opponent must immediately relinquish the bag upon request, even if s/he is in the process of drawing tiles.

Hold the bag so the opening is above eye level and look away from the bag. Do not hold the bag directly between you and your opponent, as your eyes must be visible to your opponent while you are counting. Open your hand before reaching into the bag. Never hold your own tiles in either hand while counting tiles. Do not mention how many tiles remain.

IV.C.3. Tiles from an Adjacent Game

If tiles from a nearby game are noticed on either player's rack, immediately stop the clock, return the foreign tiles to the proper bag, replenish tiles (if available), and restart the clock.

If a play clearly includes one or more tiles from a nearby game, and:

- a. *If the discovery is made before the next player completes a play*, the clock is stopped, the first player withdraws his/her play, the foreign tiles are returned to the proper bag, and replacement tiles are drawn as necessary. If the player has already mixed replacement tiles, and therefore has more than 7 tiles on his/her rack, the overdraw procedure (Rule IV.B.4.a) shall be invoked. Tiles returned to the player from the original play will not be part of the overdraw pool. After the player's rack has been established, the clock is restarted and he/she makes another play.
- b. *If the discovery is made after the next player completes a play*, the Director shall remove any foreign tiles, return them to the proper bag, and replace them with tiles from a NEUTRAL bag.

IV.D. Board Etiquette

During your turn, you may rotate the board to whatever angle you prefer.

Allow your opponent clear visual access to the board at all times, except when making a play or verifying a score. Do not place arms, hands, or fingers directly over the board at any other time. (See also Rule IV.C.1.)

Do not touch the board or any tiles on the board when your opponent's clock is running.

IV.E. Passing and Exchanging

IV.E.1. Passing

You may pass your turn at any time during the game, scoring zero. To pass, announce that you are passing and start your opponent's clock. *Note:* If you start your opponent's clock in error, without clearly indicating your intention to pass, exchange, or request a written blank clarification, AND if your opponent has not subsequently exposed any tiles to you, then your turn will not be ended and your clock may be restarted. The opponent will be awarded 1 extra minute of game time.

IV.E.2. Exchanging

IV.E.2.a. Tile Exchange Procedure

You may use your turn to trade one or more tiles for new tiles, provided the bag contains seven or more tiles. The exchange constitutes your turn and scores zero. The proper procedure is to:

- (1) Announce the number of tiles you are exchanging.
- (2) Place those tiles face down on the table, even when exchanging seven tiles.
- (3) Start your opponent's clock.
- (4) Draw new tiles from the bag, either placing them face down on the table or directly onto your rack.
- (5) Place the old tiles into the bag and mix.
- (6) Put any face down tiles on your rack.

IV.E.2.b. Improper Tile Exchanges

- (1) If the number of tiles placed face down does not equal the number of tiles announced, the face down tiles shall be exchanged.
- (2) If "Exchange" is announced but NO number is specified and NO tiles are placed on the table, the turn counts as a pass.
- (3) There is no penalty for putting the old tiles into the bag before drawing new tiles.
- (4) If you complete at least the first three steps of the Tile Exchange Procedure with fewer than seven tiles in the bag, neutralize the clock to resolve the situation. *If* your opponent has made a subsequent play and has drawn at least one new tile (or if your opponent has restarted your clock after having either passed or lost a challenge), subtract 30 points from your score. Otherwise:

- (a) If you have not mixed new tiles with original tiles, and have not put original tiles into the bag, your turn is a pass. Show any new tiles to opponent before returning them to the bag, and return original tiles to your rack.
- (b) If you have put at least one of your original tiles into the bag but have put NO new tiles onto your rack, rerack any remaining original tiles. Your opponent then exposes all drawn tiles and all tiles in the bag. Within one minute s/he replenishes your rack and puts the remaining tiles into the bag. Your turn is a pass.
- (c) If you have put at least one new tile onto your rack, add all new tiles which have been drawn. Your opponent then exposes all tiles in the bag, all face down tiles, and X+2 tiles from your rack, where X = the number of tiles exchanged. Within one minute, s/he replenishes your rack and puts any remaining tiles into the bag. Your turn is a pass.

IV.F. Playing the Blank

IV.F.1. How to Designate the Blank

You MUST clearly circle or print the blank designation on an appropriate slip before hitting your clock. The clock may be neutralized to locate a slip if none are available. Use a blank sheet if no standard slips can be found. Place the completed slip midway between the players.

If both blanks are played in one turn, the first blank in the main word shall be considered the first played blank. If the blanks are not the same letter, and if the blank slip does not specifically designate different areas for recording the first and second blanks, the player must note on the slip which designation represents the first played blank.

- a. If you did not designate the blank in writing, your opponent should request that you do so and restart your clock. You MUST then record the blank and position the slip to complete your turn. No other changes may be made. See also Rule IV.E.1. (Passing) and Rule IV.F.2. (Disputes).
- b. If your opponent is confused about the written designation, s/he may neutralize the clock for blank clarification.
- c. Any spoken blank designation MUST be accompanied by an identical written designation. If the two do not match, the written will prevail. A spoken designation without a written designation is equivalent to NO DESIGNATION. In the event the game proceeds without a written designation, any future blank dispute shall be resolved by the Director, who shall disregard any claimed spoken designation. See section "e" below. and Rule IV.F.2. (Disputes).
- d. If a request for clarification is initiated after the normal window for challenging or holding has passed, no challenge or hold may be made. See Rule IV.I.1. (When to Hold and Challenge).
- e. Any *unadjudicated* challenge involving a blank may be withdrawn if the blank was not designated in writing at the time of the challenge or if the written

- designation is determined by the Director to be unclear. The Director should restart the clock of the blank player, requesting a clearly written designation. The challenger will then have the option of withdrawing the challenge, or of challenging ANY word formed by the blank.
- f. Once a subsequent play is made, a request for blank clarification or designation must be made on one's own time.
- g. The Director may modify the blank designation procedure as s/he sees fit to accommodate blind players.

IV.F.2. Disputes

All blank designation disputes shall be resolved by the Director, who has the authority to designate the blank as reasonably as possible in the event a written designation was not clearly made. The Director should also be called if a player refuses a request to record the blank designation. See also Rule IV.F.1.c and Rule IV.F.1.e.

IV.G. Completing a Turn

IV.G.1. How to Complete a Turn

- a. After your opponent's last play, record the cumulative score. (May be waived if bag is empty.)
- b. Position your tiles on the board. You may remove, reposition, or adjust the placement of tiles only if you have not yet started your opponent's clock.
- c. If playing a blank, designate it appropriately. (See Rule IV.F.1.)
- d. Declare the score.
- e. Start your opponent's clock (or neutralize clock if playing out), ending your turn. If opponent's clock has already been running or neutralized, the turn ends after step d.
- f. Record your cumulative score. (May be waived if bag is empty.) You may NOT pre-record this score.
- g. Record your play, if desired.
- h. Draw tiles to replenish your rack.
- i. Track tiles, if desired.

IV.G.2. End of Turn Irregularities

IV.G.2.a. Failing to Start Opponent's Clock

If you make a play, announce the score, and draw a tile before starting opponent's clock, your turn ends. Opponent has 20 seconds to hold the play. If the play is successfully challenged, unmixed tiles are returned to the bag (and shown to your opponent if you have seen them). If any new tiles have been added to your rack, the Overdraw Procedure (Rule IV.B.4.a.) shall be invoked, where X is the number of new tiles on your rack.

IV.G.2.b. Failing to Record Cumulative Score

If you draw tiles before recording the cumulative score, your opponent has 20 seconds to hold the play. If the play is successfully challenged, unmixed tiles are returned to the bag (and shown to your opponent if you have seen them). If any new tiles have been added to your rack, the Overdraw Procedure (Rule IV.B.4.a.) shall be invoked, where X is the number of new tiles on your rack.

IV.G.2.c. Tracking Out of Order

If you track tiles before drawing replenishment tiles, and if this delays your opponent from drawing tiles, the Director may be called to issue a warning. After each subsequent delay caused by tracking out of order, your opponent shall earn 1 extra minute of playing time.

IV.G.2.d. Not Allowing Sufficient Time for Holds or Challenges

If a quick draw does not allow your opponent 5 seconds to consider holding or challenging, s/he may petition the Director to allow a hold or challenge to proceed. If the play is successfully challenged, unmixed tiles are simply returned to the bag (and shown to your opponent if you have seen them). If any new tiles have been mixed with old tiles, the Overdraw Procedure (Rule IV.B.4.a.) shall be invoked, where X is the number of new tiles on your rack.

IV.H. Scoring Issues

IV.H.1. Verifying the Play Score

If you request your opponent's previous play and/or play score on your time, s/he must comply. If you do not agree with an announced play score, neutralize the clock to resolve the discrepancy. If you desire, you may also voice an objection before your turn has ended. After three such valid objections, you may notify the Director to receive 1 extra minute of playing time.

IV.H.2. Verifying Cumulative Scores

You may ask for cumulative score verification only when your own clock is running. Your opponent must then agree or disagree with the stated score. Neutralize the clock to resolve any discrepancy. *Note:* If the bag is empty and the opponent has waived recording the current cumulative score (as per Rule IV.G.1.), then s/he is only obligated to reveal his or her most recent cumulative score.

IV.H.3. Willfully Fostering Incorrect Scores

It is considered cheating to *knowingly* announce an incorrect score, to verify an incorrect score, to allow an opponent's incorrect single turn or cumulative score to go unchallenged, or to allow a disconnected play to stand.

IV.I. Holding and Challenging

IV.I.1. When to Hold or Challenge

When your opponent's turn ends, you may hold or challenge a play within 20 seconds or until your opponent has drawn at least one tile. You are also allowed 20 seconds if opponent fails to start your clock and/or record the cumulative score before drawing. See also Rule IV.G.2.d. (Not Allowing Sufficient Time for Holds or Challenges). Recording a score does not affect your right to hold or challenge. But verbal acceptance of a play such as saying "OK" or "I accept" - is binding (as is revealing your tiles or their point value after the final play of the game), and you may no longer hold or challenge. However, the Director may allow a hold or challenge if acceptance was clearly not meant. A verbal challenge, whether or not it occurs during a holding period, is always binding.

IV.I.2. Holding the Play

To reserve the right to challenge a play, call "hold" to notify the opponent not to draw tiles. A play may not be held simply as a ploy to delay an opponent from drawing. End a hold by saying "OK" or "I accept".

Courtesy Rule: During the hold, your clock continues to run, and there is no limit on the time you take to challenge or release the hold. However, after one minute your opponent may draw replacement tiles, keeping them separate from any unplayed tiles. If you then successfully challenge, your opponent shows these tiles to you and returns them to the bag before removing the challenged play from the board. If any new tiles have been mixed with unplayed tiles, the successful challenger will examine the original unplayed tiles, all new tiles mixed with them, and all tiles returned from the board, choosing 7 tiles to return to the violator's rack.

IV.I.3. Challenging the Play

You may challenge any word(s) formed on a play by declaring you are challenging, neutralizing the clock, and following the adjudication procedure in Rule IV.J.1. (Software Self-Lookup) or, if applicable, Rule IV.K.2. (The Manual Lookup Procedure). Challenging before your opponent's turn has ended is void and improper. The penalty for the loser of the challenge is zero score and loss of turn. You may withdraw a challenge if you misunderstand the designation of the blank, but only if the blank was not clearly

designated in writing at the time of the challenge. (See Rule IV.F.1.e.) *Note:* Either player may concede a challenge without a formal lookup.

IV.J. Adjudicating Challenges by Computer

IV.J.1. Software Self-Lookup Procedure

- a. The challenger writes the challenged word(s) on a slip of paper. *Note:* Words may be added or removed from the challenge list at any time before the computer has adjudicated the play.
- b. Both players verify the challenged word(s) are written as played.
- c. Both players place all racked tiles face down.
- d. Both players walk to the computer station without speaking or disturbing others.
- e. If either player at any time before the adjudication feels a word was recorded wrongly, both should return to their board to verify spelling.
- f. The challenger types the word(s) being challenged. All word(s) must be typed before adjudication.
- g. Both players verify the word(s) have been entered correctly, and the player being challenged presses the adjudication key (usually the TAB key).
- h. The adjudication result is marked on the challenge slip.
- i. Both players return to their board without speaking or disturbing others.
- j. The appropriate player loses his/her turn.
- k. If the player losing the challenge had already drawn tiles, those are shown to the opponent and returned to the bag. If the drawn tiles have been mixed with unplayed tiles, see Rule IV.I.2.
- 1. The clock may only be restarted after both players are seated, all face down tiles have been reracked, any successfully challenged play removed from the board, any blank designation involving a successfully challenged word crossed out or erased, and (in the case of an unsuccessful challenge) the drawer has seen the face of at least one replenishment tile. If either player delays these processes, the appropriate clock may be restarted immediately. *Note:* Recording the cumulative score before drawing replenishment tiles is NOT a delay of game.
- m. Computer adjudication is final unless either player feels the computer or program is flawed (and requests a manual adjudication) or feels a word may not have been entered correctly (and chooses to repeat the procedure).

IV.J.2. Improper Self-Lookups

If any words are looked up separately in a multi-word challenge, then no penalty shall be imposed if both players contributed to the error. If one player is solely responsible AND if the adjudication is "unacceptable," then that player shall receive a 10 point game penalty. In either case, if the error is discovered before all words have been checked and if the adjudication at that point is "unacceptable," then no further words shall be entered.

IV.K. Adjudicating Challenges Manually

IV.K.1. Who May Utilize Manual Lookups

Players with physical challenges should inform the Director prior to the event that they will require manual lookups. All others must utilize software self-lookup (Rule 4.J.1.) unless adjudication computers are not available.

IV.K.2. The Manual Lookup Procedure

The challenger writes the challenged word(s) on a slip of paper, verifies spelling and legibility with the opponent, and alerts a Word Judge. If the challenged word(s) are NOT written, the opponent may require it. Before the lookup, the Word Judge confirms that the words on the slip were actually played, and the players must resolve any discrepancies. *Note:* Words may be added or removed from the challenge list any time before the play has been adjudicated. Only the Director or designated staff may act as Word Judge. The play will be designated acceptable or unacceptable, and the appropriate player loses his/her turn. Play proceeds as described in step 1 of the self-adjudication procedure (Rule IV.J.1).

IV.K.3. Appropriate Word Judge Behavior

- a. If you notice at any time during the adjudication that the clock is running, you must request that it be neutralized before continuing.
- b. Require a clearly printed challenge slip. If the spelling is in doubt, ask the players for clarification.
- c. Confirm that the word(s) on the slip were actually played, and require the players to resolve any discrepancy.
- d. Do not reveal the acceptability of specific words. Designate the play acceptable or unacceptable.
- e. Check words of 10 or more letters first in *OWL2*. If not found, then check in *Long List*. *Note*: Unless a player specifically requests a manual adjudication, the word judge may optionally adjudicate the play by computer in lieu of a direct *OWL2/Long List* lookup.
- f. Verify blank designations by using the blank designation slip.
- g. Never engage the players or show any personal responses to a challenge.
- h. Never research words while observing games because such actions can give extra information to the players.
- i. Never rush an adjudication.
- j. If time permits, verify after a challenge that the appropriate player loses his/her turn.

IV.K.4. Requesting a Second Opinion

Either player may request a review of a manual adjudication from another Word Judge, and may obtain a third opinion if the first two differ.

IV.K.5. Compensating Erroneous Adjudications

If you lose a turn because a manual adjudication was erroneous, and you notify the Director before leaving the tournament area for that day, your cumulative spread will be increased by the points scored for the play plus 25 points.

IV.L. Leaving the Playing Area During a Game

If you must leave the playing area during a game, do so only after making a play, starting your opponent's clock and recording the cumulative score. Do not draw tiles. If your opponent plays while you are gone, s/he starts your clock and records the cumulative score, but does not draw tiles. When you return, s/he must point out the play. You then have 5 seconds to hold or challenge.

If any tiles (X) are drawn while a player is absent, the returning player shall expose X+2 tiles (if possible) from the pool of all tiles on the offender's rack plus all tiles drawn but not yet racked, and return X tiles to the bag within one minute. This procedure should be executed before any challenge is considered. If the violation is discovered during or after a challenge, the same process shall be implemented except that X will be increased by the number of tiles returned from the board to the offender's rack. If the violation is discovered after the returning player's subsequent play, there is no penalty.

V. Ending the Game

V.A. Finding Missing Tiles Near the End of the Game

- 1. If one or more tile(s) are found in your area (not in the bag) AFTER the game has ended (Rule V.D), they are ignored.
- 2. If one or more tile(s) are found in your area (not in the bag) BEFORE the game has ended, but after the bag is empty, place them in the bag (unseen, if possible), call the Director for assistance, and try to decide who should have drawn them. That player then receives the tile(s), and play resumes without penalty. If the determination cannot be made, or if time is too short to continue deliberating, then play resumes without the found tile(s).
- 3. If you find at least one tile IN THE BAG within 20 seconds of the end of the game, and both players have not yet signed or initialed the tally slip, then the player who should have drawn it, gets it. If both players then have at least one tile on their racks, the game continues.

4. If a tile is found in your area or in the bag DURING A FINAL PLAY ADJUDICATION then the player who should have drawn it, gets it. The challenge, if not yet adjudicated, may be rescinded if the tile goes to the player who had "gone out," but only if the tile is found outside the bag. (See Rule V.D.)

V.B. Forced Overtime

If one player has unplayable tiles, it is unethical for the other player to repeatedly play obvious phoneys solely to force overtime penalty points. The Director should be called to erase any overtime resulting from this practice.

V.C. Final Play

The game ends in either of two ways:

- 1. One player has successfully played all of his/her tiles, and the bag is empty. (See also Rule V.D.)
- 2. There have been six successive scores of zero from passes, exchanges, challenges, or illegal plays (See Rule III.F.5.).

Note: There is no penalty for challenging the "out" play.

V.D. Neutralizing the Clock on the Out Play

After the final play, neutralize the clock. The game is over if your opponent reveals his/her tiles or declares their point value. The game is also over if your opponent neither holds nor challenges within 20 seconds. If the play is held, start your opponent's clock. It will run until s/he releases the hold (ending the game) or challenges.

When a player makes an alleged "out play" and neutralizes the clock, it is his/her opponent's responsibility to verify that the tile bag is empty before making an "automatic challenge" of the play. (See Rule V.A.4.)

If the clock is not neutralized after the final play, the game is considered over and the clock is considered neutralized when the player with tiles reveals them or declares their point value. It is unethical to attempt to earn overtime points when the out player either forgets to neutralize the clock or starts the opponent's clock. The Director, by estimating the exact moment unused tiles (or their point value) were revealed, may erase all time penalties caused by the failure to neutralize.

Both players should avoid touching the clock or any played tiles until all required scorecards/tally slips have been signed or initialed. If a time penalty cannot be agreed upon, the Director should be called to assist.

V.E. Director-Shortened Games

The Director may terminate any game which interferes with tournament function. A warning should be issued a few minutes before termination, giving the players a chance to finish naturally. The score when the game is stopped becomes the final score.

V.F. Adjusting the Score

V.F.1. Unplayed Tiles

If you go out, increase your score by double the total value of the opponent's unplayed tiles.

If the game ends with neither player going out, each player's score is reduced by the total value of his/her unplayed tiles.

V.F.2. Overtime

If you use more than 25 minutes, reduce your score by 10 points for each minute or fraction of a minute of overtime. (Exception: See Forced Overtime, Rule V.B.) A digital clock is not in overtime when it reads 0:00 or -0:00.

V.G. Winning the Game

The player with the highest adjusted score wins the game. If scores are the same, the game is a tie, and each player is awarded one-half (1/2) a win.

V.H. Recounting the Game

Either player, or both, may recount a game. No third party should participate. If your opponent wishes to recount, you must provide your score sheet whether or not you participate.

If you choose not to participate in the recount, you may contest only specific mistakes found by your opponent. You may not begin or demand another recount.

The Director, after issuing a one minute warning, may terminate a recount that interferes with tournament function, is deemed frivolous, or where neither player has the means to verify each turn quickly and without dispute. In that case, the Director will adjudicate the result by applying any adjustments agreed upon to that point. Additionally, if the score of any individual play cannot be resolved, the Director may intervene to verify the score for ONLY that play, and is advised to complete an Incident Report with NASPA.

V.I. Recording the Game

Any recount must be made, and any discrepancy resolved, before results are submitted. Enter game results on the tally slip (results reporting slip), or on scorecards (used for recording all game results) if tally slips are not utilized. Both players must then sign or initial these results to certify their correctness. After that, no further adjustments may be made unless both players, in agreement, notify the Director of a *reporting* error (e.g., players' scores reversed or the score written on the tally slip differs from what both players agreed upon at the end of the game). Score sheets and/or scorecards may be used to substantiate the adjustment. Note that time penalty omissions, score adjustments for unplayed tiles, and scoring errors made during the game may not be corrected at this time. However, if unethical behavior is involved, and is proven or acknowledged by the wrongdoer, the Director may use his/her discretion to make adjustments after the fact.

If tally slips are used for submitting results, but scorecards are used to record/determine who goes first, they should be signed/initialed to verify firsts and seconds only

Note: It is the responsibility of the winner (or of the player going first if the game is a tie) to promptly submit the tally slip or scorecard..

V.J. Forfeits and Byes

- 1. *If you fail to show for a game*, you receive a forfeit loss and 50 points are subtracted from your total spread. Your opponent receives a forfeit win and 50 points are added to his/her total spread. The forfeit is not a rated game. However, if both players and the Director agree, the game may be postponed without forfeit and played as a rated game at a time convenient to all. *Note:* Double-forfeit games (where both players arrive late) may also be made up in this manner. See also Rule III.C. (Arriving Late).
- 2. If you must leave a game in progress, and the game cannot be postponed to a time convenient to all, you receive a forfeit loss for that game. (See Rule I.B. Resigning.) If you are ahead when you leave, 50 points are subtracted from your total spread. If you are behind, 50 points plus your game deficit are subtracted. Your opponent is assigned the same winning margin as your losing margin. The game has begun and is therefore considered a rated game when the first player has drawn at least one tile and the second player is alerted to this action.
- 3. If you forfeit a game (or leave a game in progress) to insure winning a prize for yourself or another player, the Director has the discretion to increase the standard forfeit penalty as s/he sees fit, and to file an incident report with NASPA. *Note:* If you purposely forfeit a game (or leave a game in progress) simply to avoid participating in an annotated game, only standard forfeit penalties shall apply to first-time violators. For repeat offenses, please see the Code of Conduct, as NASPA considers this action to be a "classification 1 code violation."

4. You receive a *bye* if you are present for a given round but are not assigned an opponent. A bye counts as a win, with 50 points added to total spread. A bye is not a rated game.

VI. Rules for Play When Using the International Word Source

VI.A. Word Reference

The word reference is the HarperCollins Scrabble Tournament & Club Word List. The 2012 version will be the official source for any tournament ending on or after January 1, 2012. (Until then, the 2007 version.)

VI.B. Challenges

- 1. Upon a successful challenge, the player takes his tiles back, loses his turn and restarts the challenger's clock.
- 2. Upon an unsuccessful challenge, the player adds either 5 or 10 points per word challenged to his cumulative score. This number must be specified by the director when requesting tournament sanctioning. Alternatively, the director may request that standard NASPA challenge rules be in effect.

Appendix: Basic Rules of Play and Scoring

Appendix I. Making Plays

Appendix I.A. The First Play of the Game

The first player places two or more letters on the board to form a word in either a horizontal or vertical position, with one tile covering the center square. (See Rule III.F.1. Missing the Center Square.) The center square is considered a DOUBLE WORD SCORE square. Any player has the option of passing or exchanging tiles instead of playing. See main tournament rules (IV.E.) for details regarding passing and exchanging.

Appendix I.B. Subsequent Plays

The game continues as players add one or more letters to those already played to form a new word or words. All words added to the board must join with tiles already played and

must make new words wherever they join with existing tiles. The player gets credit for all words played in this fashion. Diagonal words are not permitted. All tiles added to the board in any individual play must help to spell one main horizontal or vertical word; otherwise the play must be removed. See also Rule III.F.5. (Disconnected Tiles or Words).

Appendix I.C. How New Words are Formed on the Board

Assume "ARM" is already on the board. You may:

- 1. Add one or more letters to a word already on the board. Example: "HARM", "ARMED", "CHARMED", "ARMS".
- 2. Place a word at right angles to a word already on the board. The new word must use at least one of the letters already on the board or must add a letter to a word or words on the board.

Example:

3. Place a complete word parallel to a word already played, so that adjoining letters also form complete words.

Example:

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} M & E & A & L \\ \underline{A} & \underline{R} & \underline{M} \end{array}$$

Appendix II. Scoring

Appendix II.A. Letter Values

The score value of each letter is indicated by a number at the bottom of the tile. The blanks have a score value of zero.

Appendix II.B. Scoring Each Play

The score for each turn is the sum of the letter values in EACH word formed or modified during the play, plus the additional points obtained from placing letters on premium squares.

A turn using all 7 tiles earns a 50-point bonus. Such a play is commonly called a "Bingo."

Appendix II.C. Double and Triple Letter Bonus Squares

1. A DOUBLE LETTER SCORE square doubles the score of a letter placed on it.

2. A TRIPLE LETTER SCORE square triples the score of a letter placed on it.

Appendix II.D. Double and Triple Word Bonus Squares

- 1. The center square and any square labeled DOUBLE WORD SCORE doubles the score of an entire word when one of its letters is placed on it.
- 2. A TRIPLE WORD SCORE square triples the score for an entire word when one of its letters is placed on it.

Appendix II.E. Score DLSs and TLSs before DWSs and TWSs

When scoring a turn, all premiums from double or triple letter values, if any, are totaled before doubling or tripling the word score.

Appendix II.F. Double-Double (DWS-DWS)

If a word is formed that covers two DOUBLE WORD SCORE squares, the score is doubled and then redoubled, or is four times the total letter count.

Appendix II.G. Triple-Triple (TWS-TWS)

If a word is formed that covers two TRIPLE WORD SCORE squares, the score is tripled and then tripled again, or is nine times the total letter count.

Appendix II.H. Bonus Squares Score on One Turn Only

The letter premium squares and the word premium squares apply only to the turn in which they are originally covered by a word. In all subsequent turns, letters on those squares count only at face value.

Appendix II.I. Using the Blank on a DWS or TWS

When a blank tile is played on a DOUBLE WORD SCORE square or a TRIPLE WORD SCORE square, the value of the word is doubled or tripled even though the blank itself has a zero score value.

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Index

${f A}$	Quick draws, 18
A	Withdrawing a challenge
Abusive Behavior, 5	Misunderstood blank, 16, 19
Accepting a play, 19	Tile is found after final play, 23
Adjacent games with identical tiles, 7	Final play, 23
Adjudicating challenges by computer, 20	International, 26
Adjudicating challenges manually, 21	Point penalty, 26
Adjusting played tiles, 5, 10, 15, 17, 23	When permitted, 19
Adjusting the score (end of game), 25	Changing results, 25
Agreeing on correct scores, 18	Changing your play, 14
Alien tiles, 14	Cheating, 4
Allowing sufficient time for holds/challenges, 18	Choice of equipment, 8
Allowing visual access to the board, 15	Clock (failure to start), 17
Analog clocks, 7	Clock (touching it at end of game), 23
-	Clock (when to start it), 10
Annotated games, 5	Clock (when to start to), 10 Clock hits (mistaken), 15
Annotated games (forfeiting), 25	Clock neutralization
Announcing or allowing incorrect scores, 19	
Arriving late, 9	At the end of the game, 23
Automatic challenge, 23	For blank clarification, 16
	For end of game underdrawing, 13
В	For not following appropriate procedures or
	behavior, 5
Bag (first rights for counting tiles), 14	For rule or procedure clarification, 5
Bags, 8	For scoring discrepancies, 5
Bags (how to hold), 11	For the overdraw procedure, 12
Basic rules of playing and scoring, 26	For tile exchange with less than 7 tiles in the bag
Bathroom break (during a game), 22	15
Behavior (disruptive), 5	To challenge a play, 19
Benefitting from irregularities, 6	To reposition upside down or sideways tiles, 10
Blank designation, 16	When a late player arrives, 9
Blank designation slip (locating), 16	When the cumulative score is in question, 18
Blank disputes, 17	When the play score is in question, 18
Blank paper, 8	When tiles from an adjacent game are discovered
Blanks (playing both in one turn), 16	14
Blanks (playing/clarifying), 16	When tiles have been improperly returned to the
Blind players (and blank designation), 17	bag, 12
Board (colors), 8	Clocks, 7
Board (used as a physical working area), 14	Code of Conduct, 4, 5
Board (visual access), 15	Collins, 26
Board etiquette, 14	Collusion, 4
Board layout, 8	Completing a turn, 17
Board position, 14	Computer lookup procedure, 20
Boards (preferred), 8	Conceding a challenge, 20
Breaks between games, 9	Confirming the number of tiles, 8
Byes, 26	Confirming tile distribution, 8
Byes (who went 1st/2nd), 9	Contestant scorecards (signing), 25
<i>"</i>	Correcting results, 25
\mathbf{C}	Counting remaining tiles, 14
C	Courtesy draw rule, 19
Calculators, 8	CSW, 26
Center square, 10, 26	Cumulative adjustment for incorrect manual
Challenge slips, 8, 20, 21	adjudication, 22
Challenges, 19	Cumulative score (failure to record), 18
Computer procedure, 20	Cumulative score (recording), 17
Conceding, 20	Cumulative score (verifying), 18
Exceptions to normal procedure	
Failure to record cumulative score, 18	
Failure to start opponent's clock, 17	
1 and to start opponent s clock, 17	

D

Delaying drawing (by tracking tiles), 18
Delaying opponent's draw by calling hold, 19
Designating the blank, 16
Devices in playing area, 8
Director shortened games, 24
Disconnected tiles, 11, 26
Disruptive behavior, 5
Distracting behavior, 5
Distractive boards, 8
Double-forfeits, 9, 25
Drawing out of order, 13
Drawing tiles, 11, 12

\mathbf{E}

Earplugs, 8
Electronic devices in playing area, 8
End of game underdrawing, 13
End of the game, 23
End of turn, 17
End of turn irregularities, 17
Equipment (choice of), 8
Exchanges (improper), 15
Exchanging the wrong number of tiles, 15
Exchanging tiles, 15
Exchanging with fewer than seven tiles in the bag, 15

F

Faded tiles, 7 Failure to record cumulative score, 18 Failure to start opponent's clock, 17 Fast-bagging, 18 Final play, 23 Finding missing tiles, 12, 22 First play of the game, 9, 10, 26 Firsts and seconds, 9 Flipped tiles, 10 Forced overtime, 23, 24 Foreign tiles, 14 Forfeits, 25 Forfeits (arriving late), 9 Forfeits (deciding who went first), 9 Free challenge, 23 Frivolous recounts, 24

G

Glary boards, 8 Going out, 23

H

Handicapped (re challenges), 21 Headphones, 8 Hiding an overdraw, 13 Hitting the clock too soon, 17 Holding, 19 Holding on the out play, 23 Holding the play (minimum time), 18

I

Identical tiles (at adjacent games), 7
Illegal plays, 11
Improper self-lookups, 20
Improper tile exchanges, 15
Improperly returning tiles to the bag, 12
Inadvertent clock hits, 15
Incident Reports, 13, 24
Incomplete tile set, 8
Incorrect results, 25
International Word Source, 26

K

Keeping tiles above table, 14 Keeping tiles on rack, 14 Kibitzing, 5

L

Late players, 9, 25 Leaving a game in progress (forfeit), 25 Leaving the play area during a game, 22 Leaving tiles on board after a game, 8 Letter distribution lists, 8 Long List, 6 Loose tiles, 12, 22

M

Manual lookups, 21
Misoriented tiles, 10
Missing the center square, 10, 26
Missing tiles (finding late in game), 22
Missing tiles (from an adjacent game), 14
Missing tiles (incomplete set), 8
Missing tiles (loose tiles), 12
Misunderstanding blank designation (withdrawing challenge), 16, 19
Mixing tiles, 11

N

Noise, 5, 20 Non-rated games (re byes and forfeits), 25

0

Observing other games, 5, 21
Observing rules violations or improprieties, 6
Observing scoring errors, 6
Observing stray tiles, 6
Observing time clock mistakes, 6
Official word lists, 6, 21, 26
Orientation of tiles, 10
Out play, 23
Overdraw procedure, 12
Overdraws, 12, 13

Ouiet, 5, 20 Overdraws (after an illegal play), 11 Overdraws (after drawing tiles too quickly), 18 Quitting a tournament, 4 Overdraws (after failing to start opponent's clock), 17 Overdraws (after failure to record cumulative score), R Overtime (forced), 23, 24 Rack visibility, 7 OWL. 6 Racks, 7 Racks with more than seven tiles, 6, 13 Rated games (re byes and forfeits), 25 P Recording cumulative score during a play, 17, 18 Papers in playing area, 8 Recording game results, 25 Passing, 15 Recounts, 24 Passing (after not specifying number of tiles to Recounts (not permitted after submitting results), 25 References (for adjudications), 6 exchange), 15 Passing (to end the game), 23 Relinquishing the bag (for a tile count), 14 Reminding players to restart clock, 6 Penalties 1 minute for delays when tracking before drawing, Reporting errors, 25 Repositioning tiles, 10, 17, 23 1 minute if opponent mistakenly starts your clock, Requesting a second opinion, 20, 22 Requesting a third opinion, 22 1 minute if opponent scores three plays incorrectly, Resigning, 4 Restarting opponent's clock (if blank not designated), 10 points for improper self-lookups, 20 16 10 points per minute of overtime, 24 Right to shuffle (at start of game), 9 30 points for illegal exchange after which opponent Rotating the board, 14 makes a play, 15 5 or 10 points per word for unsuccessful challenge S in international lexicon, 26 50 spread points for a forfeit, 25 Score sheets (in playing area), 8 50 spread points for drawing out of order if bag has Score sheets (must be provided for a recount), 24 1-7 tiles, 13 Scorecards (signing), 25 For drawing tiles while opponent is absent, 22 Scoring adjustments (end of game), 24 For illegal tile exchange, 15 Scoring errors (observed by third party), 6 For improperly returning tiles to the bag while Second opinion, 20, 22 drawing, 12 Second opinion (suggesting), 6 For intentionally hiding an overdraw, 13 Self-lookup procedure, 20 For overdrawing, 12 Shortened games (by director), 24 For playing from a rack with more than seven tiles, Shuffling tiles (before starting), 9 13 Simultaneous games, 5 For underdraw after which bag is emptied, 13 Six consecutive scores of zero, 11 Loss of turn and zero score for challenge loser, 19 SOWPODS, 26 Loss of turn for saying exchange but not specifying SSL (Software Self-Lookup), 20 how many, 15 Starting a late player's clock, 9 Removal for abusive behavior, 5 Starting play, 9 Removal from tournament for cheating, 4 Stating how many tiles remain in bag, 14 Removal from tournament for collusion, 4 Stray tiles (observed by third party), 6 Your clock restarted for failure to designate the Stuck with unplayable tile, 23 blank, 16 Submitting game results, 25 Playing phoneys to force overtime, 23 Suspicious behavior, 5 Poorly positioned tiles, 10 Positioning the board, 14 T Positioning tiles, 10, 26 Postponing games, 25 Tally slips (signing/adjusting), 25 Preferred bags, 8 Tanking, 4 Preferred boards, 8 Terminated games (by director), 24 Preferred clocks, 7 Terminating a recount, 24 Preferred racks, 7 Third opinion (word judging), 22 Preferred tiles, 7 Threats, 5 Three-piece tiles, 7 O Ties, 24 Tile distribution, 8 Quick draws, 18

Tile drawing, 11, 12

Tile exchange procedure, 15

Tile mixing, 11

Tile orientation, 10

Tiles, 7

Tiles (combined), 12

Tiles (counting), 14

Tiles (drawing out of order), 13

Tiles (exchanging with fewer than seven tiles in the bag), 15

Tiles (face down, 10

Tiles (flipped), 10

Tiles (from another game), 14

Tiles (improper exchanges), 15

Tiles (keeping in sight on rack), 14

Tiles (loose), 12, 22

Tiles (more than seven on a rack), 6, 13

Tiles (poorly positioned, 10

Tiles (revealing them after final play), 19, 23

Tiles (that can be brailled), 7

Tiles (that give visual clues), 7

Tiles found on the table, 12, 22

Tiles spilling from bag, 12

Time clock errors (observing), 6

Time Frames

1 minute before drawing tiles while on hold, 19

1 minute to choose opponent's tiles after improper tile exchange, 16

1 minute to choose opponent's tiles during overdraw procedure, 12

1 minute to choose opponent's tiles in end of game underdraw, 13

1 minute to choose tiles of player who improperly returned tiles to bag, 12

1 minute warning before terminating a recount, 24

10 minutes is the usual time allowed between games, 9

10 seconds is the maximum time to mix tiles, 11

20 seconds to discover disconnected tiles at the end of the game, 11

20 seconds to find and return loose tiles at end of game), 22

20 seconds to hold/challenge after the final play, 23

20 seconds to hold/challenge if clock is not started after a play, 17

20 seconds to hold/challenge if cumulative not recorded after a play, 18

20 seconds to hold/challenge if no tiles have been drawn, 19

25 minutes is the time allotted to each player per game, 7

5 minutes is the grace period after which late player's clock is started, 9

5 minutes is the reduced time a Director may assign between games, 9

5 seconds to challenge/hold even when opponent draws quickly, 18

5 seconds to hold/challenge upon returning from outside the playing area, 22

Time penalty for overtime, 24

Time penalty negated if clock not stopped on out play,

Too few tiles to exchange, 15

Too many tiles on rack, 6, 13

Touching the board, 15

Touching the clock at end of game, 23

Tracking, 17

Tracking out of order, 18

Tracking sheets, 8

Tracking while clock is neutralized, 5

U

Underdrawing, 13 Undesignated blanks, 16, 17 Unplayable tiles, 23 Unplayed tiles, 24 Unrated games, 25, 26 Using board as a working area, 14

V

Verbal abuse, 5 Verbal acceptance of a play, 19 Verbal challenge is binding, 19 Verifying 1sts/2nds on scorecard, 25, 26 Verifying the cumulative score, 18 Verifying the play score, 18 Visual access to the board, 15

W

Watching other games, 5
When to start the clock, 10
Who goes first, 9
Winning the game, 24
Withdrawing a challenge, 16, 19
Withdrawing from a tournament, 4
Word judge behavior, 21
Word judge programs, 6
Word lists (for adjudications), 6, 21, 26
Word Reference, 26